

Changing States: Water, Natural Systems, and Human Communities

California Education and the Environment Initiative

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The Education and the Environment Curriculum is a cooperative endeavor of the following entities:

California Environmental Protection Agency
California Natural Resources Agency
Office of the Secretary of Education
California State Board of Education
California Department of Education
California Integrated Waste Management Board

Key Leadership for the Education and Environment Initiative:

Linda Adams, Secretary, California Environmental Protection Agency
Patty Zwarts, Deputy Secretary for Policy and Legislation, California Environmental Protection Agency
Andrea Lewis, Assistant Secretary for Education and Quality Programs, California Environmental Protection Agency
Mark Leary, Executive Director, California Integrated Waste Management Board
Mindy Fox, Director, Office of Education and the Environment, California Integrated Waste Management Board

Key Partners:

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Office of Education and the Environment
1001 | Street • Sacramento, California 95812 • (916) 341-6769
http://www.calepa.ca.gov/Education/EEI/

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Lesson 1 Evaporation, the Water Cycle, and Human Communities

None required for this Lesson.

Lesson 2 Factors Affecting the Evaporation Rate

None required for this Lesson.

Lesson 3 How the Water Cycle Affects Natural Systems

None required for this Lesson.

Lesson 4 The Cooling Effects of Evaporation

None required for this Lesson.

Lesson 5 The Role of Condensation in Natural Systems

None required for this Lesson.

Lesson 6 Freezing in Natural Systems and Human Communities

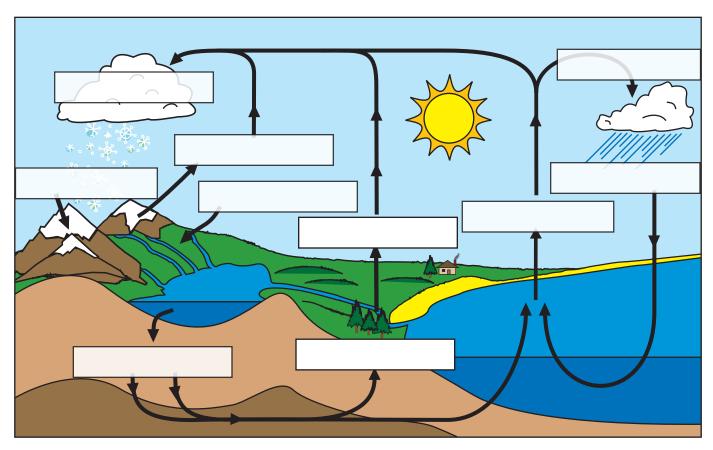
None required for this Lesson.

Assessments

The Changing States of Water—Traditional Unit Assessment Master	2
The Changing States of Water Study Cards —	
Alternative Unit Assessment Master	5

Instructions: Complete the diagram below.

1. Write the name of the following water cycle processes in the spaces on the diagram. Some of them may be written more than once, and some spaces may be left blank: evaporation, condensation, plant uptake, and transpiration. (12 points)



Instructions: Complete the statements below. (3 points each)

2.	Evaporation is important to people because it		
3.	Condensation is important to people because it		

d. take in heat

	Name:			
4.	I. Transpiration is important to people because it			
5.	The Sun is an important part of the water of	ycle beca	ause it	
0				
6.	Clouds are important to people because th	ey		
Ins	structions: Select the best answer and circl	the corr	ect letter. (1 point each)	
7.	One way to separate salt from saltwater is:	10. Eva	poration speeds up when:	
	a. transpiration	a. t	emperatures go up	
	b. evaporation	b. t	here is no more water	
	c. freezing	c. t	emperatures go down	
	d. condensation	d. t	here are more clouds	
8.	When water is a gas it is called:	11. Wa	ter vapor becomes a liquid during:	
	a. water vapor	a. t	ranspiration	
	b. ice crystals	b. 0	condensation	
	c. frost point	c. r	melting	
	d. dew point	d. 6	evaporation	
9.	When water evaporates, its molecules:			
	a. disappear			
	b. slow down			
	c. cling together			

		Name:			
estructions: Use the words in the Word Bank to fill in the blanks below. (1 point each)					
Vord Bank					
dew	evaporation	condensation	transpiration		
solid	clouds	frost			
1. Through the	process of		_, water vapor becomes		
part of Earth	n's atmosphere.				
2. Water vapor	that condenses and then	freezes is called			
3. Water vapor	condenses to a liquid cal	led	·		
4. During	During plants give off water vapor into the air.				
nstructions: A	nswer the following questi	on in one or more paraç	graphs. (4 points)		
5. How is the v	vater cycle important to pe	eople and other living th	ings on Earth?		

Instructions:

- Carefully cut apart your set of The Changing States of Water Study Cards.
- 2. Answer the questions on each card in the space provided. (10 points each).
- 3. You may use your work from the unit to answer the questions.
- 4. Work individually to write your answers, but you may review your answers with a partner when you are finished.
- Turn in your cards when you are finished. 5.

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₹7 	Question	Answer
	What happens when water evaporates?	1
>< +	Question	Answer
	2. What happens when saltwater is heated?	2
*	Question	Answer
	Name three factors that affect the rate of evaporation.	3
>< +		

9	o N	Name:
3	Question	Answer
	4. How can frost affect California's economy?	4
	Question	Answer
	5. How does water vapor become a liquid?	5
><	Question	Answer
	6. How can plants help to cool city areas?	6
~	Question	Answer
	7. How does transpiration help plants?	7

Ω	0	Name:
7	\$ 3	
~ -	Question	Answer
	8. What is dew?	8
~ -	Question	Answer
	Question	Allswei
	9. When does condensation occur?	9
~ -		
	Question	Answer
	10. In what form do water molecules have the least heat energy?	10
~ -		





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